

Risolvere i seguenti integrali indefiniti:

$$- \int (e^{2x} + x) \sqrt[3]{e^{2x} + x^2} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x}{4+x^2} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \log(x)}{x} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x}{x^2+1} \log(x^2 + 1) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x^4}{x-1} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{\log(x)}{x^3} dx$$

$$- \int x^2 \log(x) dx$$

$$- \int \frac{(2\log(x)+3)^2}{x} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{x-1}} dx$$

$$- \int x^2 \sqrt{3 + 2x} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x^4+1}{x^3-x} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{2x^2-1}{x^3-5x^2+4x} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{2x^4}{(1+x)^3} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x^5-4x^2-1}{(x^2-1)^2} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{2}{x(x^2+1)^2} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

$$- \int \sqrt{a^2 + x^2} dx$$

$$- \int \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 5} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x+1}} dx$$

$$- \int \frac{x+1}{\sqrt[3]{3x+2}} dx$$